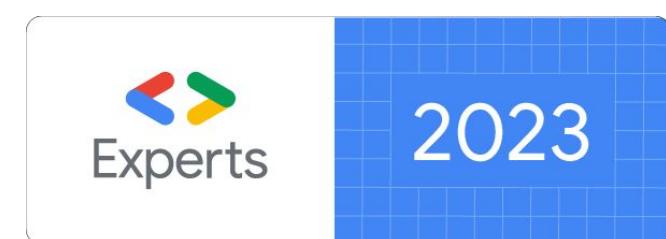


Designing a Scalable and Secure Cloud Architecture for the Future



Ananda Dwi Ae
@misskecupbung



Google Cloud Platform



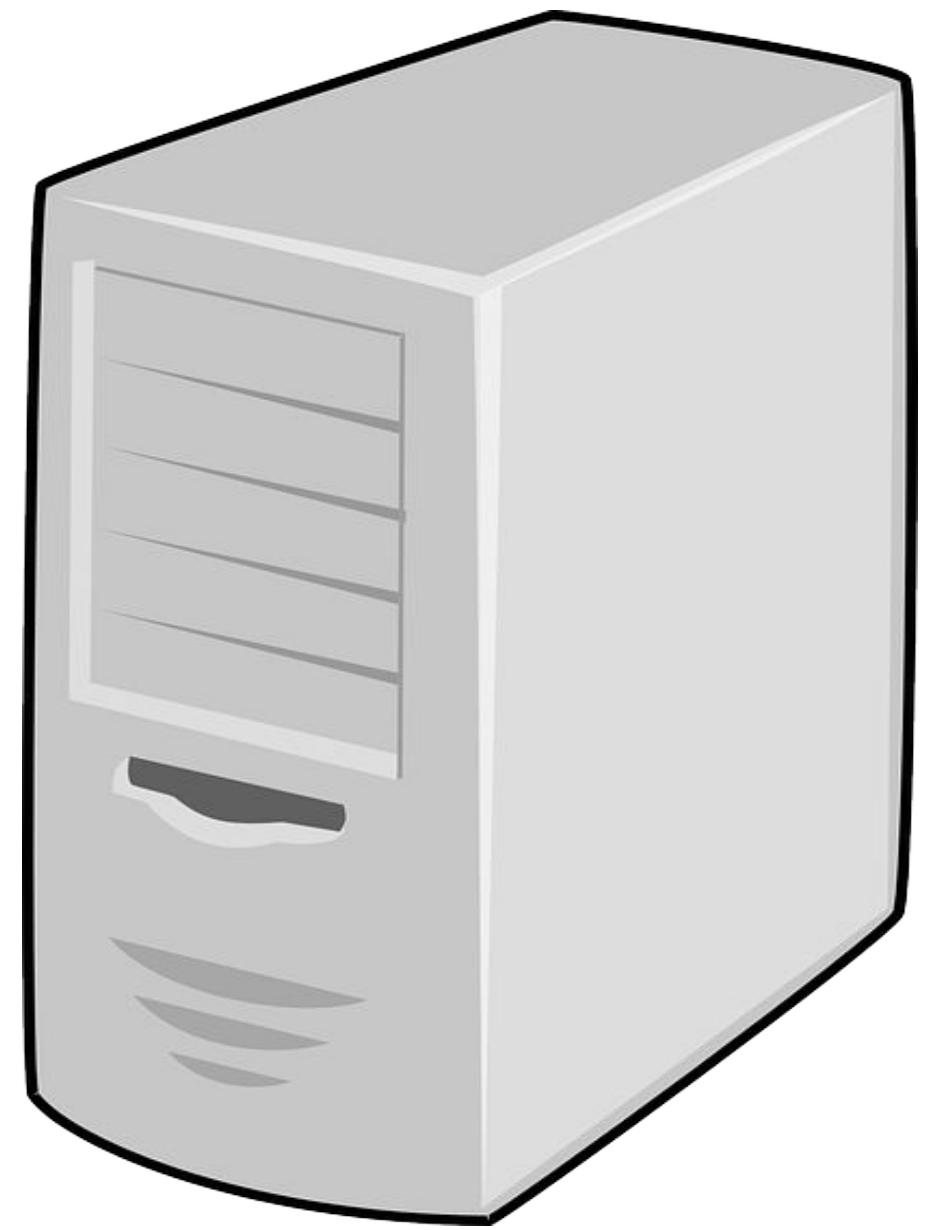
Hello World!

Ananda Dwi Rahmawati

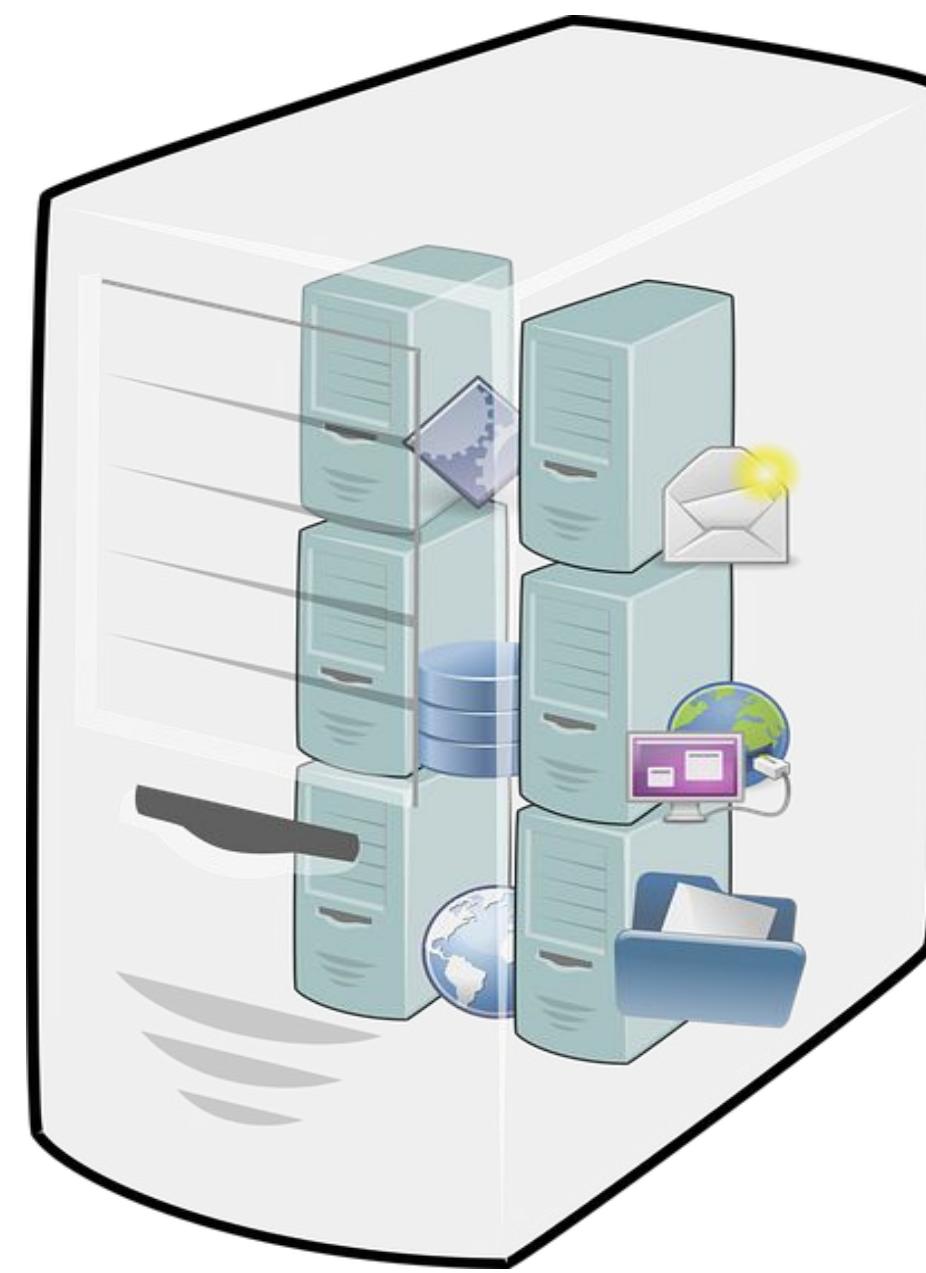
- Cloud Engineer @ Activate Interactive Pte Ltd Singapore | 2023 - present
- 4+ years experience
- Google Developer Expert Cloud - Modernization Architecture
- Tech background: System, Networking, IaaS & PaaS Cloud, DevOps, a bit of Programming
- <https://linktr.ee/misskecupbung>



A virtual machine is a software-based computer



Physical Computer



Virtual Machines in a Physical Computer



Jakarta region

Worldwide



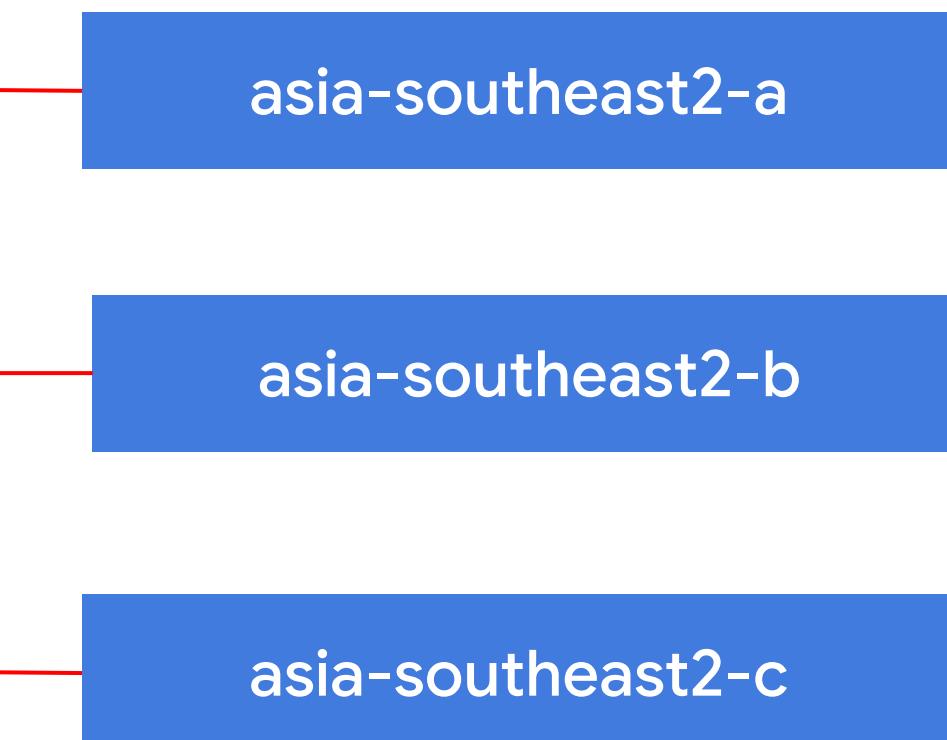
Multi-Region



Region

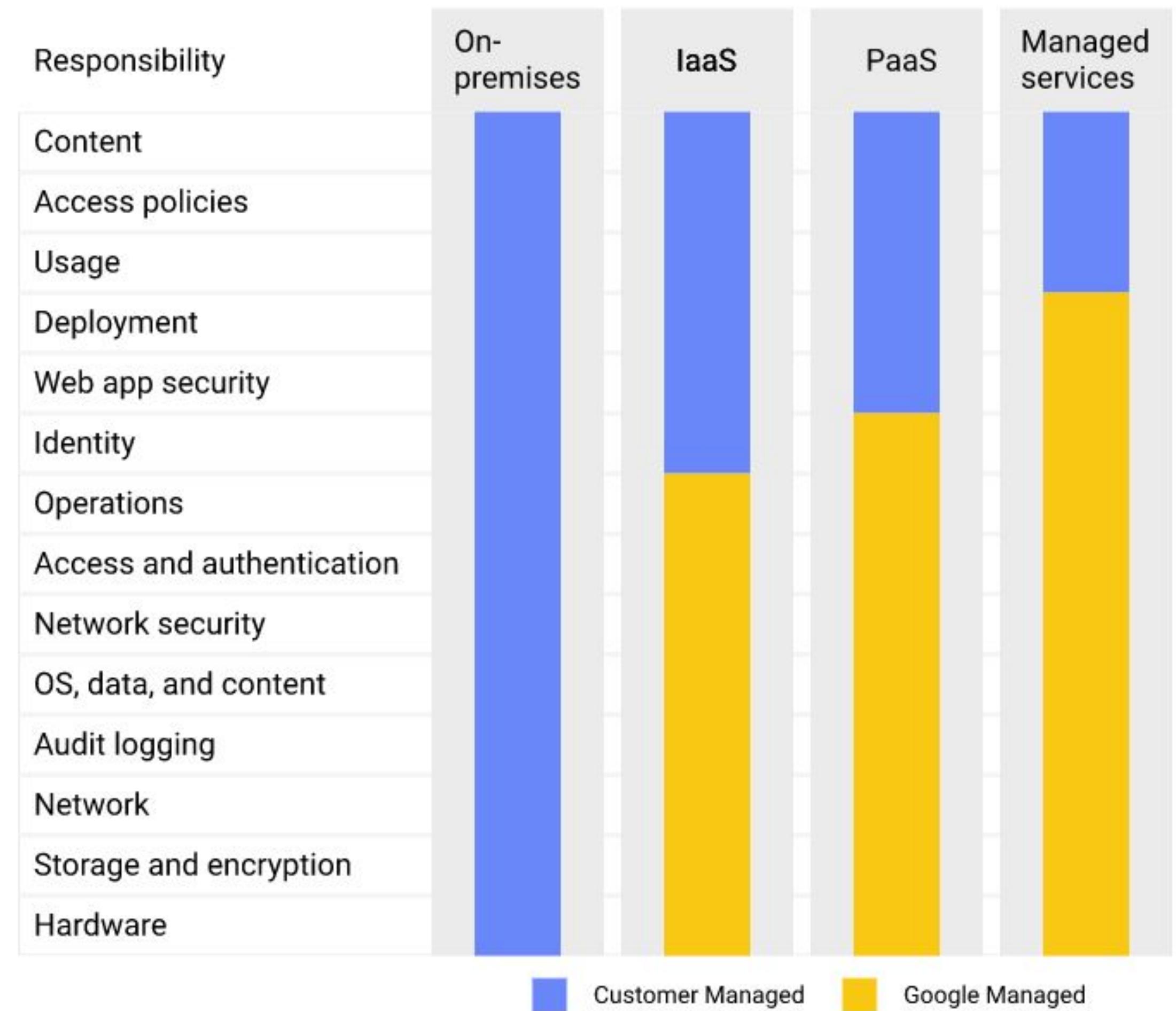


Zone



asia

asia-southeast-2

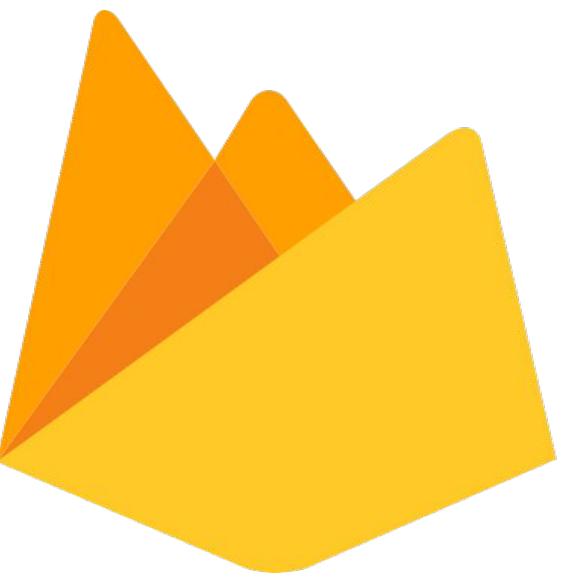


Cloud Services

Infrastructure



Platform



Software

Google Workspace

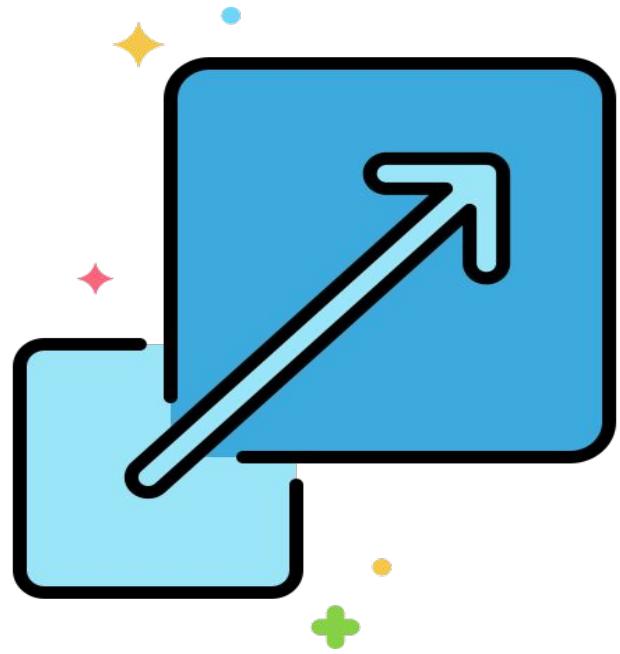


... as a service

Benefits of Cloud Computing



Cost savings



Scalability



Security



Reliability

No need to manage your own infrastructure. Use managed service instead

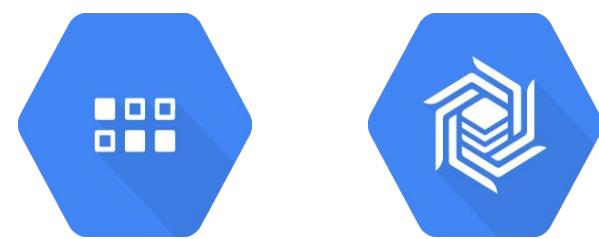
Application Data



Cloud Storage Cloud Datastore Cloud Bigtable



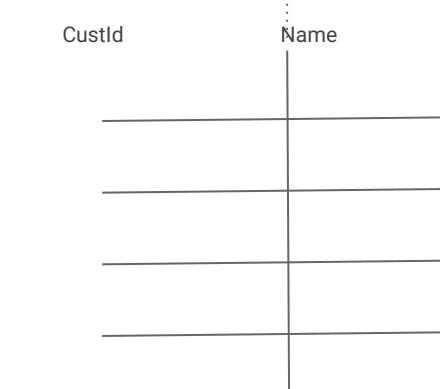
Object data like multimedia



Cloud SQL



Cloud Spanner



Relational data

Application Logic



App Engine



Container Engine

User data management

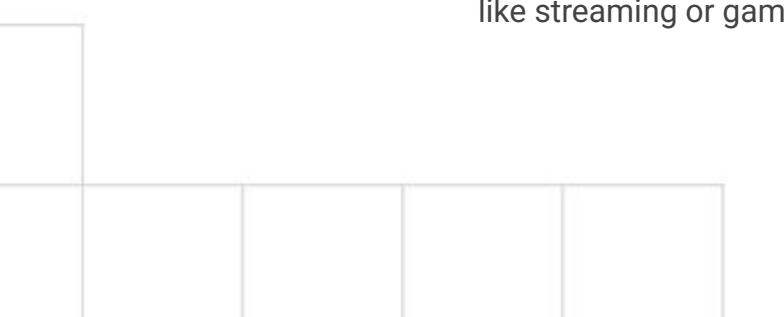
API gateways
for other backend apps

Payment etc.

Integration with other Google services



Google Maps, YouTube, and more



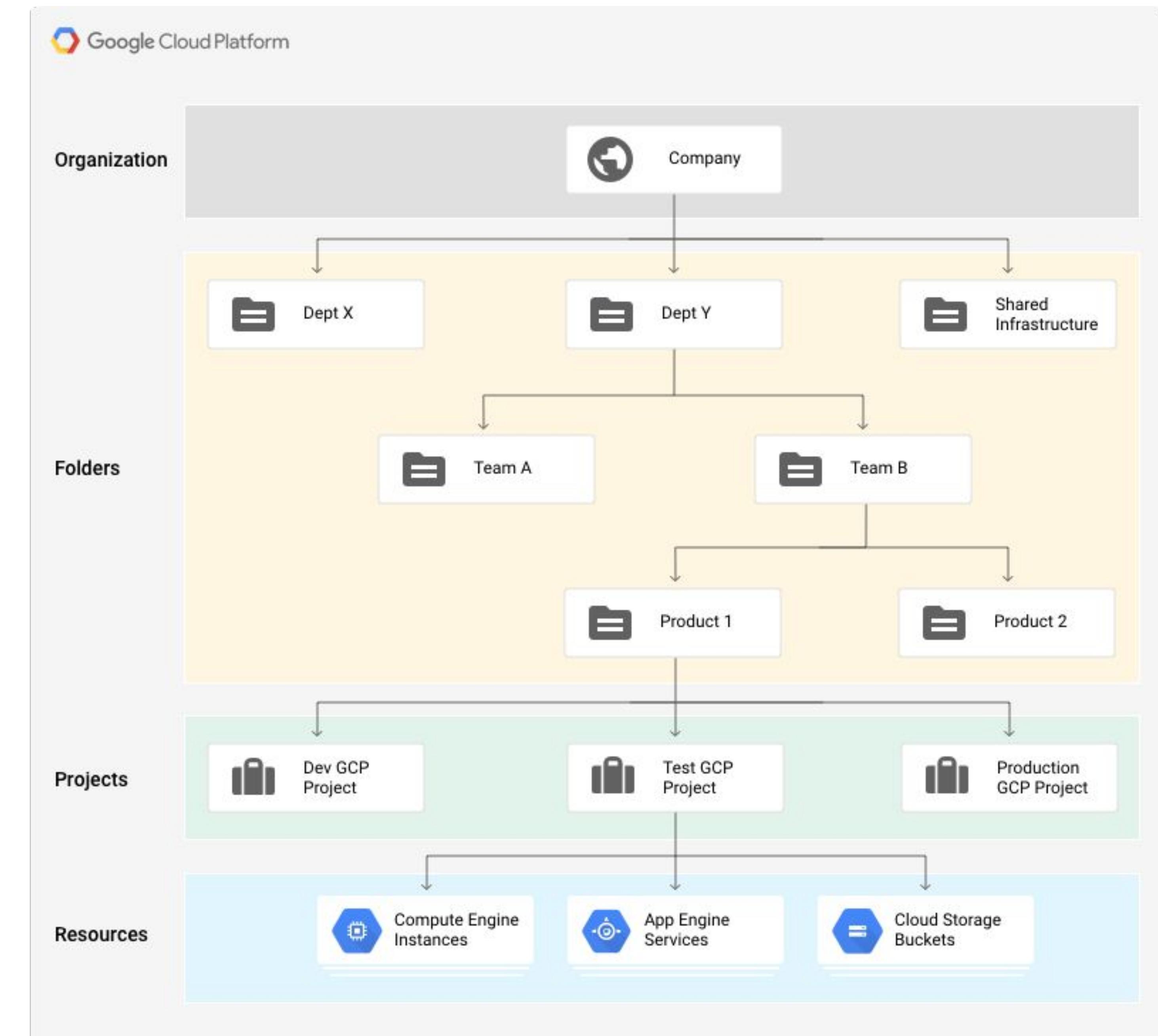
 Experts



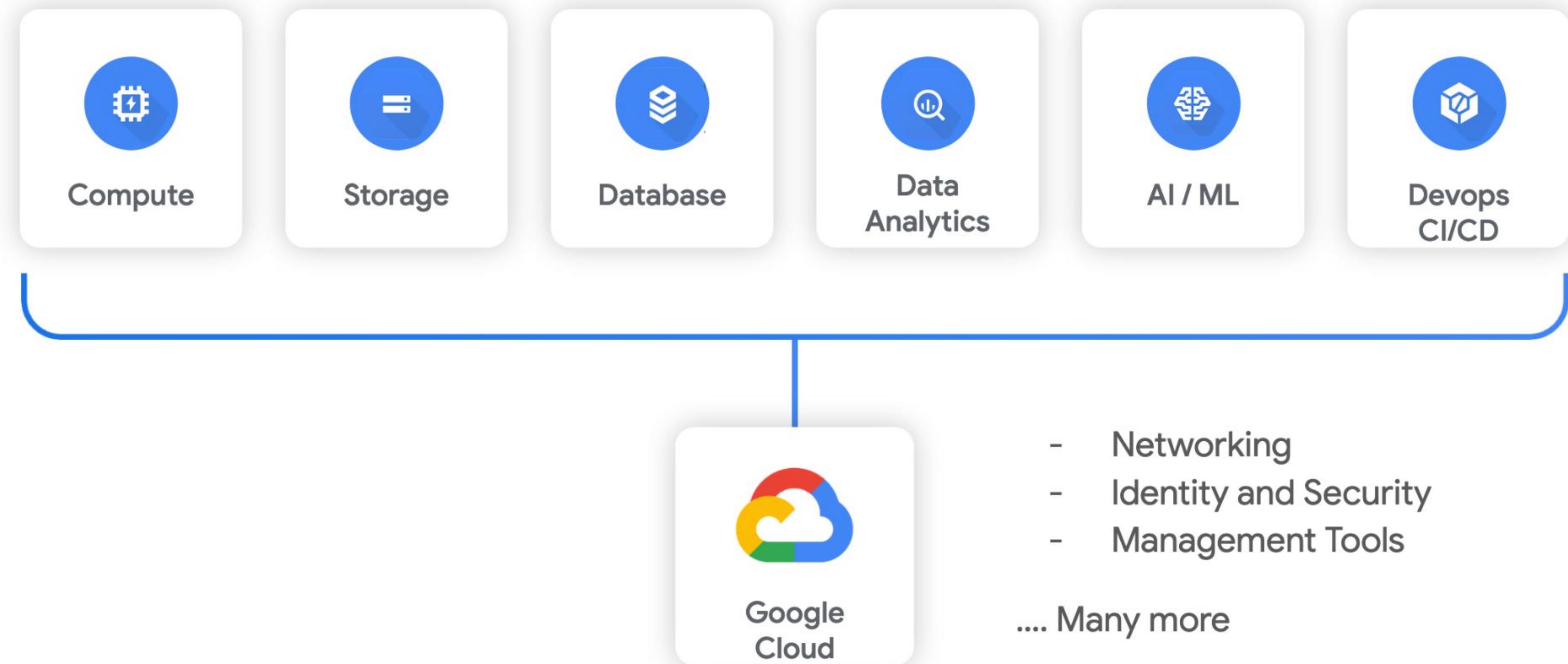
Google Developers

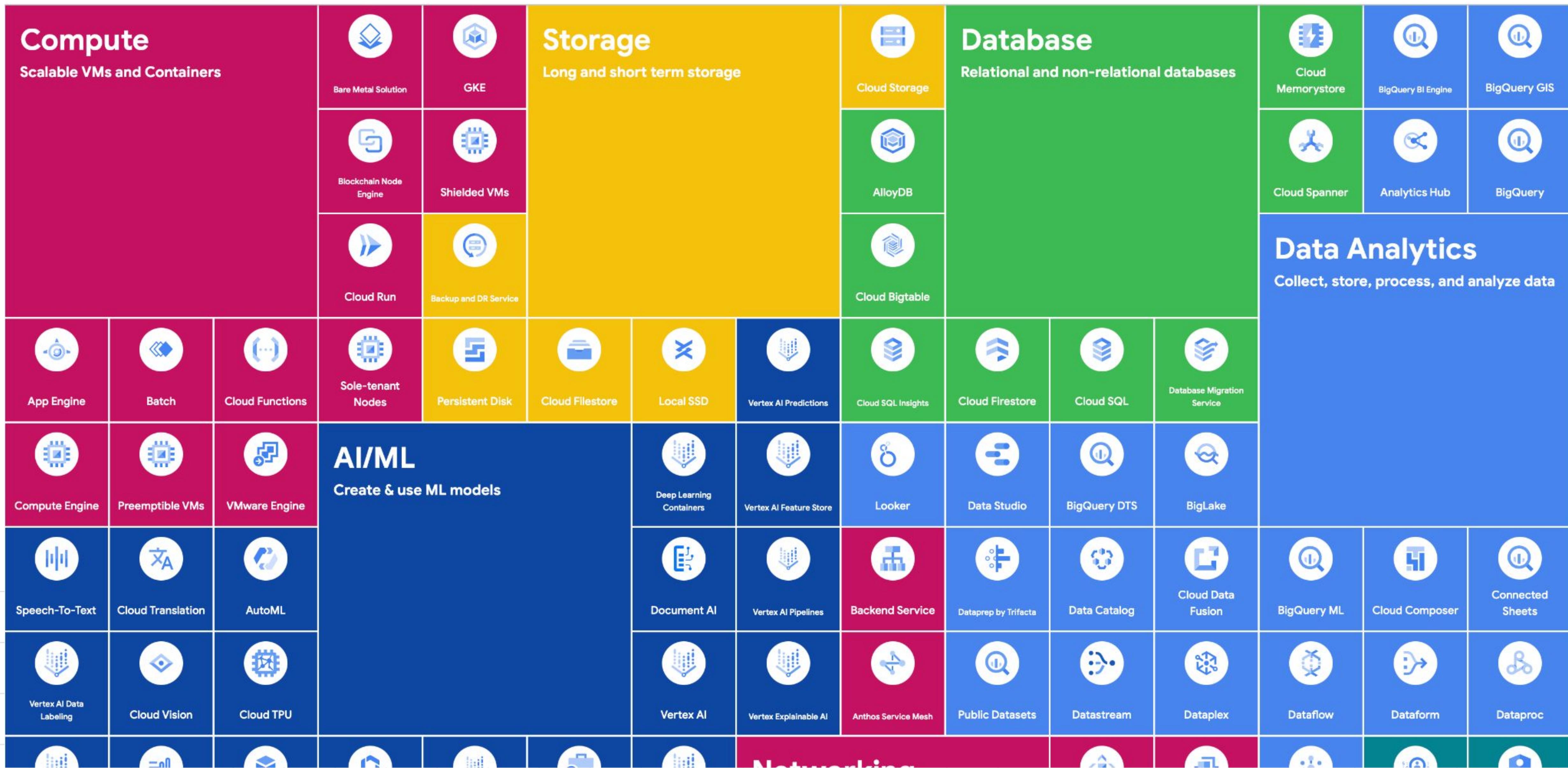
GCP Resources Hierarchy

- Projects** : Base hierarchy level.
Every resource is associated with a project.
- Folders** : Provide additional grouping mechanism between projects. They can be nested.
- Organization** : Represent an organization and the root node of Google Cloud resource hierarchy



Google Cloud Platform (GCP)



[Developer cheat sheet](#)[Map view](#)[List view](#)[Get the poster on GitHub](#)[Architecture](#)

Fundamental terms:

Privacy



Security

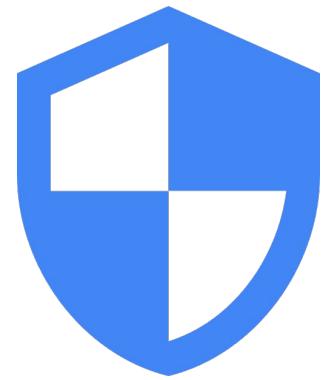


Compliance



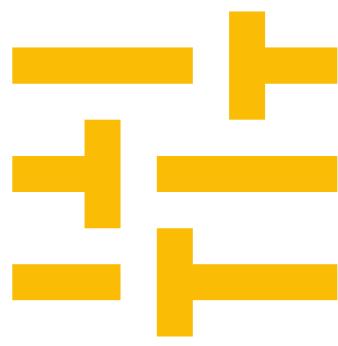
Availability

Google Cloud Security fundamentals



Protection

Secure core infrastructure designed, built, and operated to help prevent threats



Control

Security controls to help meet policy, regulatory, and business objectives



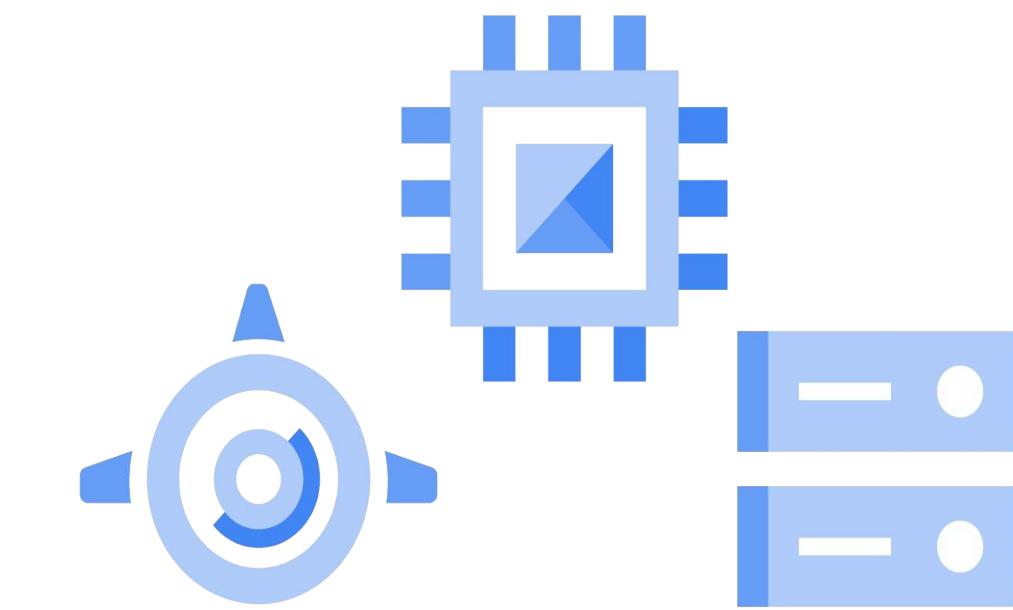
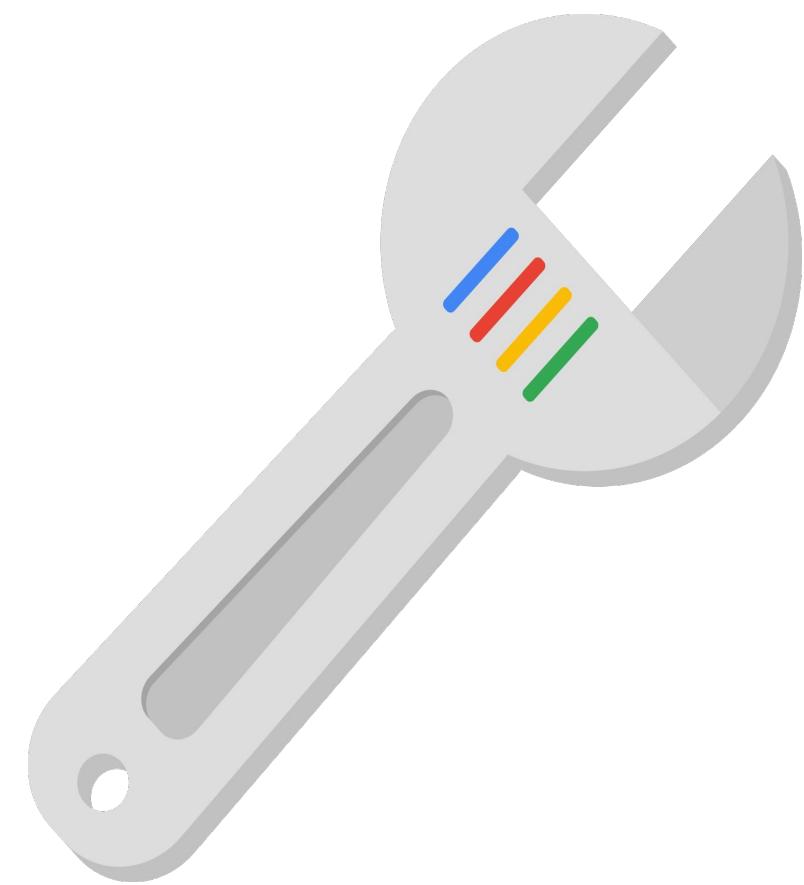
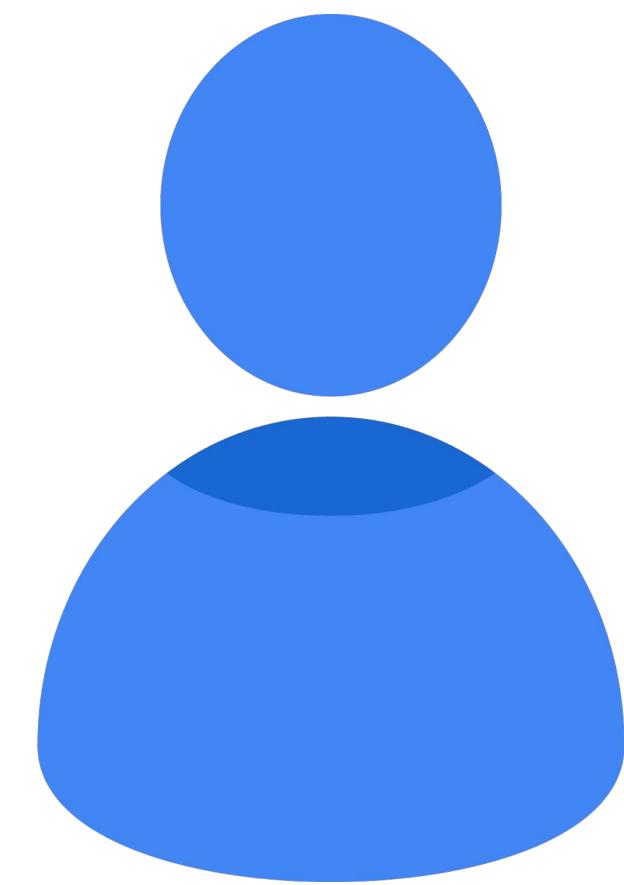
Compliance

Working to meet our responsibilities and make compliance easier for customers

Compliance Offerings

	Americas	Europe, Middle East & Africa	Asia Pacific			
 Global <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ISO/IEC 27001 ISO/IEC 27017 ISO/IEC 27018 SOC 1 SOC 2 SOC 3 PCI DSS CSA STAR MPAA Independent Security Evaluators Audit 	 USA <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HIPAA HiTrust FedRAMP FIPS 140-2 COPPA FERPA NIST 800-53 NIST 800-171 NIST 800-34 Sarbanes- Oxley SEC Rule 17a-4(f) CFTC Rule 1.31(c)-(d) FINRA Rule 4511(c) HECVAT DISA IL2 CCPA 	 Canada <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Information & Electronic Documents Act Personal Health Information Protection Act  Argentina <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Personal Data Protection Law 	 Europe <ul style="list-style-type: none"> GDPR EU Model Contract Clauses Privacy Shield TISAX EBA Guidelines  Germany <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BSI C5  Switzerland <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FINMA  France <ul style="list-style-type: none"> HDS 	 Spain <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Esquema Nacional de Seguridad  South Africa <ul style="list-style-type: none"> POPI  UK <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NCSC Cloud Security Principles NHS IG Toolkit 	 Australia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Australian Privacy Principles Australian Prudential Regulatory Authority Standards IRAP  Indonesia <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PP No. 71 2019 	 Japan <ul style="list-style-type: none"> FISC My Number Act NISC CSV Guidelines 3G3M  Singapore <ul style="list-style-type: none"> MTCS Tier 3 OSPAR MAS Guidelines ABS Guide

Identity and Access Management



Who

can do what

on which resource

	Front end user	Manager	Super user	Admin
View logs	✗	✗	✓	✓
Modify settings	✗	✗	✗	✓
Modify users	✗	✗	✗	✓
Modify applications	✗	✓	✗	✓
	✗	✓	✗	✓

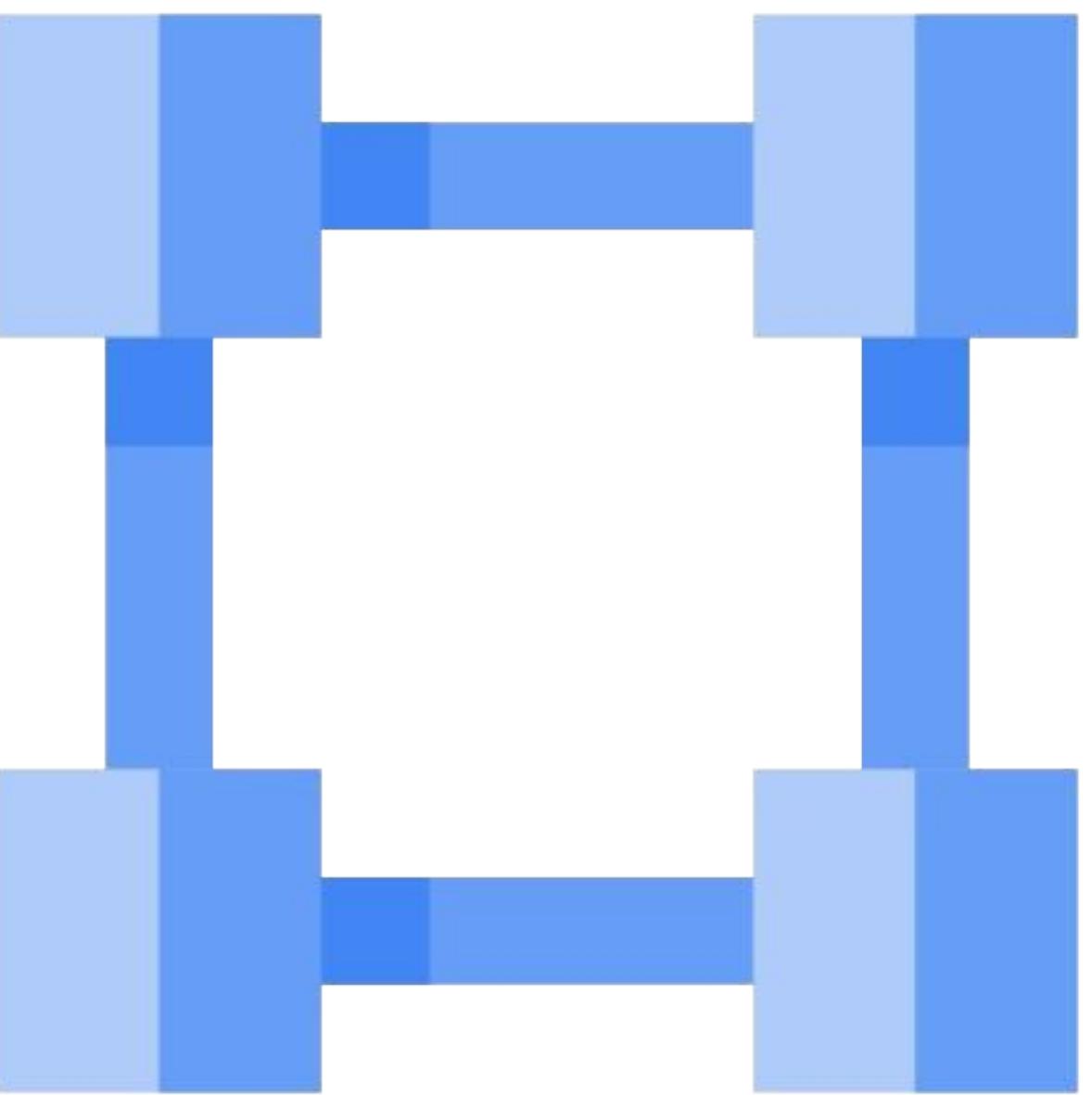
IT teams need to have a complete understanding of who can access what data. Wherever possible, they need to establish granular access policies.

They need to define who can do what, and on what cloud resource.

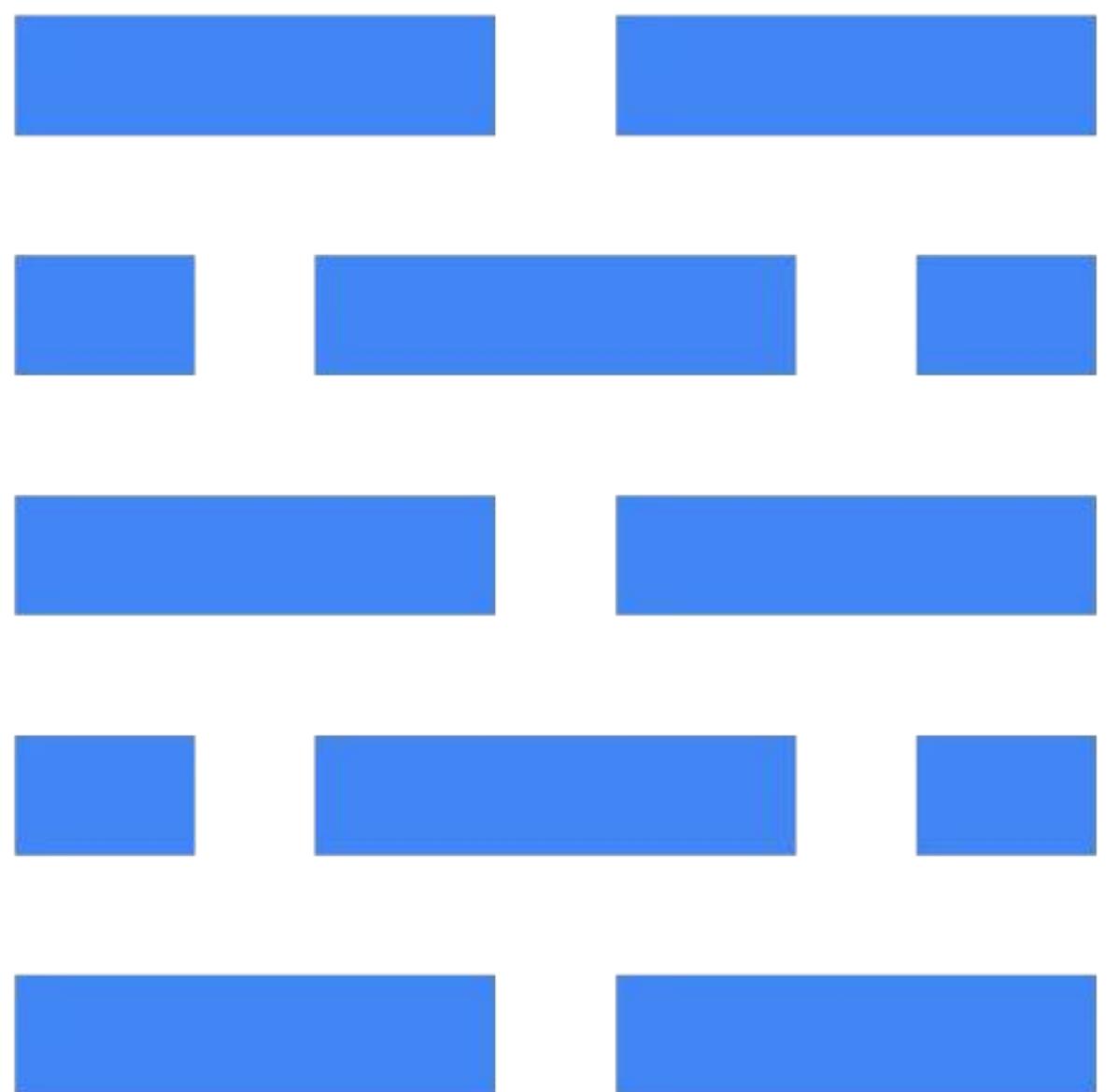
IAM Best Practices

- Adhere to the Principle of Least Privilege
- Use groups when configuring Google Cloud access.
- Assign roles to the groups instead of individual users.
- Utilizing predefined roles offers less administrative overhead
- Predefined roles are managed by Google.
- Custom roles are not maintained by Google.
- Audit logs record project-level permission changes. Audit policy changes.
- Export audit logs to Cloud Storage to store your logs for long periods of time.
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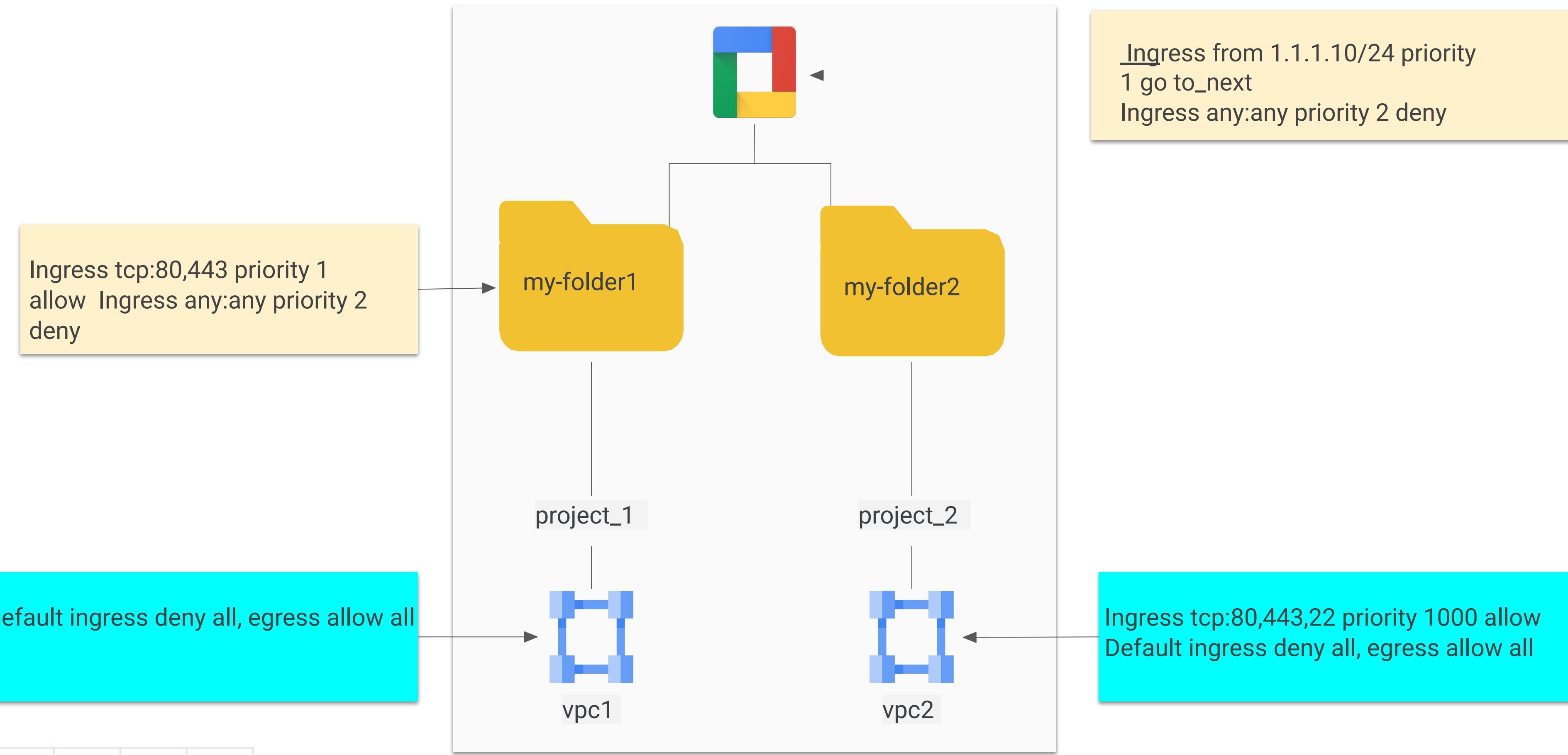
VPC



Firewall rules protect VM instances from unapproved connections



Hierarchical firewall policies



Firewall Best Practices

- Use the model of least privilege.
- Minimize direct exposure to/from the internet.
- Prevent ports and protocols from being exposed unnecessarily.
- Develop a standard naming convention for firewall rules. For example:
 - {direction}-{allow/deny}-{service}-{to-from-location}
 - Ingress-allow-ssh-from-onprem
 - egress-allow-all-to-gcevms
- Consider service account firewall rules instead of tag-based rules.

Thank You!



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